

Nikkei Hong Kong PMI™

April sees deterioration in private sector conditions

Key points:

- Both output and new orders decline further
- Overall input costs and output charges fall
- Business sentiment remains pessimistic

Data collected April 10–25

The start of the second quarter saw a further deterioration in private sector conditions across Hong Kong, led by declines in both output and new orders. New business from mainland China also continued to shrink.

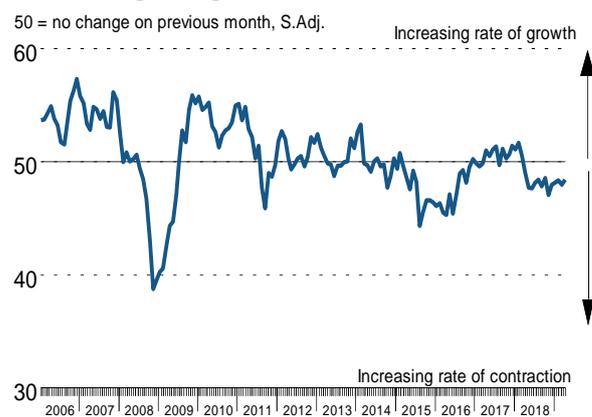
Softer client demand prompted firms to reduce purchasing activity and cut output prices. Business sentiment meanwhile remained downbeat and sunk to a four-month low in April.

The seasonally adjusted headline **Nikkei Hong Kong Purchasing Manager's Index™ (PMI™)** rose to 48.4 in April, up from 48.0 in March, indicating a modest deterioration in the health of the private sector. The latest reading marked the thirteenth successive month of worsening business conditions. The headline PMI is a composite indicator designed to measure the performance of the private sector.

The softening of demand conditions extended into April, with overall new order inflows contracting further, which stretched the current sequence of decline to 13 months. Lower demand from external clients, especially mainland China, weighed on sales performance. New business from mainland China fell markedly in April. As a result, output contracted again in April at a solid pace.

Reduced demand generated spare capacity in the private sector, as evident from a further decline in backlogs of work. This, in turn, discouraged firms from taking on more workers. Employment levels were broadly stagnant in April, and have not shown an increase since the end of 2017.

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Sources: Nikkei, IHS Markit.

In response to lower sales, firms cut back on purchasing activity, preferring to tap into existing input inventories to meet current demand. Reduced appetite for inputs enabled distributors to improve delivery performance. Average lead times for inputs were shortened for a second straight month, albeit at a notably slower rate.

Companies signalled that both overall input prices and output charges fell during April, indicating renewed deflationary pressures. Overall business expenses declined slightly, led by a decrease in purchasing prices. However, staffing costs continued to rise modestly. Following four months of increases, firms lowered their selling prices amid reports of price discounting and efforts to clear stocks.

Finally, business expectations regarding output over the next 12 months remained negative. High competition, US-China trade frictions, rising costs and a worsening economic environment continued to weigh on corporate sentiment in April.

Comment:

Commenting on the Hong Kong PMI survey data, **Bernard Aw**, Principal Economist at IHS Markit, which compiles the survey, said:

“Private sector businesses in Hong Kong continued to face challenges at the start of the second quarter amid a deteriorating demand environment, according to the latest Nikkei PMI data. Business conditions worsened for the thirteenth month running, fuelling an increasingly gloomy outlook. Firms continued to express concerns over trade wars, greater competition, rising costs and a slowdown in the global economy. The survey is broadly indicative of the economy expanding at an annual rate of 1.5%-2.0%.”

-Ends-

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Notes to Editors:

The Nikkei Hong Kong *PMI*™ is based on data compiled from monthly replies to questionnaires sent to purchasing executives in over 300 companies. The panel is stratified by company size and by Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) group, based on industry contribution to Hong Kong GDP. Survey responses reflect the change, if any, in the current month compared to the previous month based on data collected mid-month. For each of the indicators the 'Report' shows the percentage reporting each response, the net difference between the number of higher/better responses and lower/worse responses, and the 'diffusion' index. This index is the sum of the positive responses plus a half of those responding 'the same'.

The Purchasing Managers' Index™ (*PMI*™) is a composite index based on five of the individual indexes with the following weights: New Orders - 0.3, Output - 0.25, Employment - 0.2, Suppliers' Delivery Times - 0.15, Stock of Items Purchased - 0.1, with the Delivery Times index inverted so that it moves in a comparable direction.

Diffusion indexes have the properties of leading indicators and are convenient summary measures showing the prevailing direction of change. An index reading above 50 indicates an overall increase in that variable, below 50 an overall decrease.

IHS Markit do not revise underlying survey data after first publication, but seasonal adjustment factors may be revised from time to time as appropriate which will affect the seasonally adjusted data series. Historical data relating to the underlying (unadjusted) numbers, first published seasonally adjusted series and subsequently revised data are available to subscribers from IHS Markit. Please contact economics@ihsmarkit.com.

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