

## News Release

**MARKET SENSITIVE INFORMATION**  
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# J.P.Morgan Global Manufacturing & Services PMI™

Produced by J.P.Morgan and IHS Markit in association with ISM and IFPSM

## Global economy makes solid start to third quarter

Global economic growth eased slightly for the second successive month in July. The J.P.Morgan Global All-Industry Output Index<sup>1,2</sup> – which is produced by J.P.Morgan and IHS Markit in association with ISM and IFPSM – posted 53.5, down from 53.7 in June. The rate of expansion nonetheless remained solid and relatively stable, to suggest a positive start to the third quarter.

Developed markets were (on average) the steadying influence in July. Output across these nations rose at a robust rate that was broadly unchanged from those registered during the first half of the year.

The euro area remained a bright spot. Although the rate of output expansion across the currency union eased to a six-month low, the region is still undergoing one of its strongest growth spells over the past six years. The US and the UK meanwhile saw mild accelerations. Growth remained elevated in Australia (despite easing slightly), but slowed to a nine-month low in Japan.

Emerging markets continued to struggle compared to the performance of developed nations. Composite PMI Output Index readings for China, India, Russia and Brazil were all below the global average, albeit only slightly in the case of Russia. A positive note was a modest improvement in the pace of expansion in China to a four-month high, but this was offset by contractions in India and Brazil.

By sector, growth of global services activity slightly outpaced that of manufacturing output for the fourth month in a row. However, both sectors saw minor slowdowns in their respective rates of expansion since June.

The rate of expansion in global all-industry new orders ticked up to the fastest in six months during July. This tested capacity and led to the second-steepest increase in backlogs of work for over three-and-a-half years.

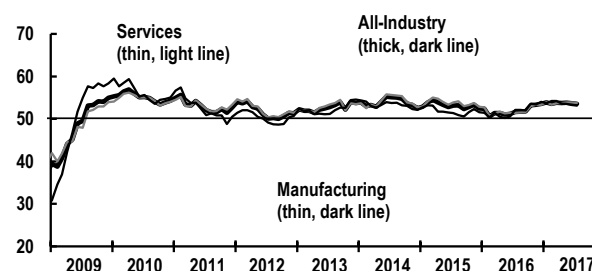
Companies were encouraged by the sustained upturn to increase staffing levels, with the pace of jobs growth among the best seen during the current 89-month sequence of increase. Employment rose in the euro area, the US, Japan, the UK, Australia and Russia. Job cuts were registered in China, India and Brazil.

### Commenting on the survey, David Hensley, Director of Global Economic Coordination at J.P.Morgan, said:

“The start of the third quarter saw the global economy maintain its solid and steady growth path. Although output increased at a slightly reduced pace, accelerated growth of new orders, backlogs of work and employment suggests that the current pace of economic expansion will be sustained during the coming months.”

**JPMorgan global PMI output**

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### Global Manufacturing & Services PMI™

50 = no change on prior month.

Index	Jun.	Jul.	+/-	Summary
Output	53.7	53.5	-	Expanding, slower rate
New Orders	54.1	54.2	+	Expanding, faster rate
Employment	52.2	52.4	+	Rising, faster rate
Input Prices	54.8	54.8	=	Rising, unchanged rate
Output Charges	52.0	51.8	-	Rising, slower rate
Backlogs	51.0	51.2	+	Rising, faster rate
Future Output	65.0	63.9	-	Positive, lesser extent

July saw no change in the rate of cost inflation, although the pace remained slower than the average for the year-to-date. Part of the increase in input prices was passed on to clients, leading to a further rise in average output charges. However, the rate of selling price inflation eased slightly from June's three-month high.

Companies maintained a positive outlook for the coming year in July. However, the overall degree of optimism dipped to its lowest in the year-so-far. Service providers were slightly more positive than manufacturers.

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## Notes to Editors:

The Global Report on Manufacturing & Services is compiled by IHS Markit based on the results of surveys covering over 18,000 purchasing executives in over 40 countries. Together these countries account for an estimated 89% of global gross domestic product (GDP)<sup>4</sup>. Questions are asked about real events and are not opinion based. Data are presented in the form of diffusion indices, where an index reading above 50.0 indicates an increase in the variable since the previous month and below 50.0 a decrease.

## Data Sources:

Country	% Share of global GDP <sup>4</sup>	Producer	In association with	Website
United States <sup>1,2</sup> :				
Markit	22.2%	IHS Markit	–	<a href="http://www.ihsmarkit.com">www.ihsmarkit.com</a>
ISM	22.2%	ISM	–	<a href="http://www.ism.ws">www.ism.ws</a>
China	11.9%	IHS Markit	Caixin	<a href="http://www.caixin.com">www.caixin.com</a>
Japan	7.6%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	<a href="http://www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/">www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/</a>
Germany	4.9%	IHS Markit	BME	<a href="http://www.bme.de">www.bme.de</a>
France	3.7%	IHS Markit	–	<a href="http://www.ihsmarkit.com">www.ihsmarkit.com</a>
United Kingdom	3.6%	IHS Markit	CIPS	<a href="http://www.cips.org">www.cips.org</a>
Brazil	3.1%	IHS Markit	–	<a href="http://www.ihsmarkit.com">www.ihsmarkit.com</a>
India	3.1%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	<a href="http://www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/">www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/</a>
Italy	2.7%	IHS Markit	–	<a href="http://www.ihsmarkit.com">www.ihsmarkit.com</a>
Canada	2.4%	IHS Markit	SCMA	<a href="http://www.scma.com">www.scma.com</a>
Russia	2.2%	IHS Markit	–	<a href="http://www.ihsmarkit.com">www.ihsmarkit.com</a>
Spain	1.9%	IHS Markit	AERCE	<a href="http://www.aerce.org">www.aerce.org</a>
Australia	1.7%	IHS Markit	Commonwealth bank	<a href="http://www.commbank.com.au">www.commbank.com.au</a>
South Korea	1.7%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	<a href="http://www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/">www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/</a>
Mexico	1.6%	IHS Markit	–	<a href="http://www.ihsmarkit.com">www.ihsmarkit.com</a>
Indonesia	1.3%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	<a href="http://www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/">www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/</a>
Turkey	1.2%	IHS Markit	Istanbul Chamber of Industry	<a href="http://www.ihsmarkit.com">www.ihsmarkit.com</a>
Netherlands (The)	1.2%	IHS Markit	NEVI	<a href="http://www.nevi.nl">www.nevi.nl</a>
Saudi Arabia <sup>3</sup>	0.9%	IHS Markit	Emirates NBD	<a href="http://www.emiratesnbd.com">www.emiratesnbd.com</a>
Switzerland	0.8%	procure.ch	Credit Suisse	<a href="http://www.procure.ch">www.procure.ch</a> , <a href="http://www.credit-suisse.ch">www.credit-suisse.ch</a>
Taiwan	0.8%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	<a href="http://www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/">www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/</a>
Poland	0.7%	IHS Markit	–	<a href="http://www.ihsmarkit.com">www.ihsmarkit.com</a>
Nigeria <sup>3</sup>	0.6%	IHS Markit	Stanbic IBTC Bank	<a href="http://www.stanbicibtcbank.com/">www.stanbicibtcbank.com/</a>
South Africa <sup>3</sup>	0.6%	IHS Markit	Standard Bank	<a href="http://www.standardbank.com">www.standardbank.com</a>
Austria	0.5%	IHS Markit	Unicredit Bank Austria/OPWZ	<a href="http://www.bankaustria.at">www.bankaustria.at</a> , <a href="http://einkauf.opwz.com">http://einkauf.opwz.com</a>
Thailand	0.5%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	<a href="http://www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/">www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/</a>
UAE <sup>3</sup>	0.5%	IHS Markit	Emirates NBD	<a href="http://www.emiratesnbd.com">www.emiratesnbd.com</a>
Malaysia	0.4%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	<a href="http://www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/">www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/</a>
Denmark	0.4%	DILF	Kairoscommodities	<a href="http://www.dilf.dk">www.dilf.dk</a> , <a href="http://www.kairoscommodities.com">www.kairoscommodities.com</a>
Ireland	0.4%	IHS Markit	Investec	<a href="http://www.investec.co.uk">www.investec.co.uk</a>
Singapore <sup>3</sup>	0.4%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	<a href="http://www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/">www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/</a>
Israel	0.4%	IPLMA	Bank Hapoalim Ltd	<a href="http://www.iplma.org.il">www.iplma.org.il</a> , <a href="http://www.bankhapoalim.co.il">http://www.bankhapoalim.co.il</a>
Philippines (The)	0.4%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	<a href="http://www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/">www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/</a>
Hong Kong <sup>3</sup>	0.4%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	<a href="http://www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/">www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/</a>
Egypt <sup>3</sup>	0.3%	IHS Markit	Emirates NBD	<a href="http://www.emiratesnbd.com">www.emiratesnbd.com</a>
Greece	0.3%	IHS Markit	HPI	<a href="http://www.hpi.org">www.hpi.org</a>
Czech Republic	0.3%	IHS Markit	–	<a href="http://www.ihsmarkit.com">www.ihsmarkit.com</a>
New Zealand	0.2%	Business NZ	Bank of New Zealand	<a href="http://www.businessnz.org.nz">www.businessnz.org.nz</a> , <a href="http://www.bnz.co.nz">www.bnz.co.nz</a>
Vietnam	0.2%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	<a href="http://www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/">www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/</a>
Hungary	0.2%	HALPIM	Hungarian National Bank	<a href="http://www.logisztika.hu">www.logisztika.hu</a>
Myanmar	0.1%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	<a href="http://www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/">www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/</a>
Kenya <sup>3</sup>	0.1%	IHS Markit	Stanbic Bank	<a href="http://www.cfcstanbicbank.co.ke">www.cfcstanbicbank.co.ke</a>
Lebanon <sup>3</sup>	0.1%	IHS Markit	BLOMINVEST Bank	<a href="http://www.blominvestbank.com">www.blominvestbank.com</a>

- 1) Data from the IHS Markit survey of US manufacturing are included in the global manufacturing PMI composition from February 2010 onwards. Data prior to that date are based on the ISM US manufacturing survey.
- 2) Data from the IHS Markit survey of US services are included in the global services PMI composition from October 2009 onwards (including the October 2009 data point). Data prior to that date are based on the ISM US non-manufacturing survey.
- 3) For these nations, manufacturing and service sector responses are extracted from whole economy PMI surveys for inclusion in the Global PMI
- 4) Source: World Bank World Development Indicators (2015 data, constant US\$ measure).

## Methodology: Global Manufacturing & Services PMI™ Indices

The Global Manufacturing & Services PMI™ indices are all seasonally adjusted. The seasonal adjustment is applied at the national sector level (as opposed to at the global aggregate level) in order to account for differing seasonal patterns in each of the nations included. Where comparable indices (such as output) are available for both the global manufacturing PMI and global services PMI surveys, the index for each sector is weighted together to produce a combined manufacturing & services reading. The weight applied is calculated according to the relative contributions of the service and manufacturing sectors to overall global GDP. Weights for the global indices are derived from the latest available World Bank data on the gross value added of manufacturing for each of the nations covered. World Bank data on value added are in constant US\$, with all national currencies converted to US\$ by the World Bank using DEC alternative conversion factors.

# J.P.Morgan

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