

News Release

MARKET SENSITIVE INFORMATION
EMBARGOED UNTIL: 1100 (New York) / 1600 (UTC) December 1st 2017

J.P.Morgan Global Manufacturing PMI™

Produced by J.P.Morgan and IHS Markit in association with ISM and IFPSM

Global manufacturing growth accelerates to 80-month high

November saw the upturn in the global manufacturing sector strengthen, with rates of expansion in output, new orders and employment all hitting multi-year highs. Price pressures remained elevated, however, with input costs and output charges rising at accelerated and above long-run average rates.

The J.P.Morgan Global Manufacturing PMI™ – a composite index¹ produced by J.P.Morgan and IHS Markit in association with ISM and IFPSM – posted 54.0 in November, up from 53.5 in October and its highest reading since March 2011. The headline PMI has signalled expansion for 21 consecutive months.

Business conditions improved across the consumer, intermediate and investment goods sectors. The strongest expansion was signalled at intermediate goods producers and the slowest in the consumer goods category.

Growth remained sharper (on average) in developed nations compared to emerging markets. The euro area was a bright spot, with its PMI rising to a near-record high. Rates of increase also strengthened in Japan (44-month high), the UK (51-month high), Australia (8-month high) and Canada (2-month high). Growth slowed slightly in the US, but remained solid overall.

In the main emerging nations, growth eased to a five-month low in China, but accelerated in India (fastest in over a year), Brazil (81-month high) and Russia. Mexico returned to expansion after contracting in October.

Global manufacturing production expanded at the quickest pace since February 2011, supported by a similarly rapid increase in new order intakes. There was also a bounce in international trade flows, as growth of new export business hit a near seven-year high.

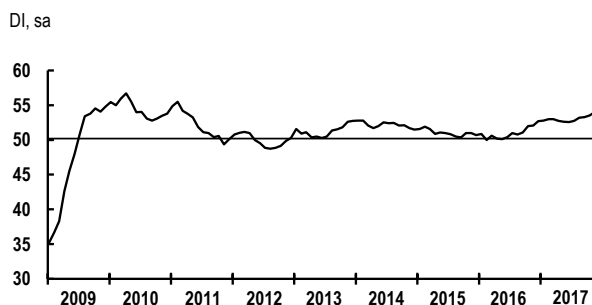
Strong demand tested capacity, leading to a further solid increase in employment. The pace of job creation was the steepest in six-and-a-half years, with higher staffing levels registered in almost all of the nations covered by the survey. Notable exceptions were job losses in China, South Korea and Russia.

Price pressures remained elevated in November. The rates of inflation in input costs and output charges were the sharpest registered since May 2011. Both price measures were higher (on average) in developed nations compared to emerging markets.

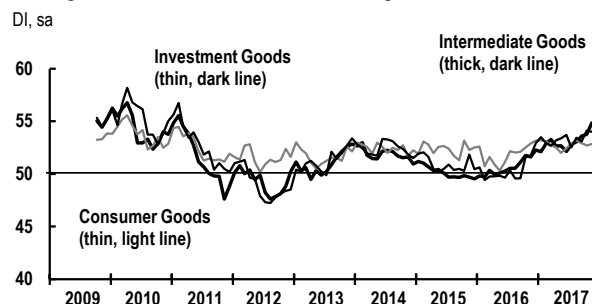
Commenting on the survey, David Hensley, Director of Global Economic Coordination at J.P.Morgan, said:

“The November survey points to a strong increase in the rate of expansion of the global manufacturing sector, with growth of output, new orders, new export business and employment all gaining strength. Inflationary pressures continued to build across the production pipeline.”

JPMorgan Global Manufacturing PMI



JPMorgan Global PMI Sectors: Manufacturing PMI



Global Manufacturing PMI™ Summary

50 = no change on prior month.

Index	Oct.	Nov.	+/-	Summary
Global PMI	53.5	54.0	+	Rising, faster rate
Output	53.7	54.9	+	Rising, faster rate
New Orders	54.2	55.1	+	Rising, faster rate
New Exports	52.8	53.7	+	Rising, faster rate
Employment	52.6	52.8	+	Rising, faster rate
Input Prices	61.4	62.2	+	Rising, faster rate
Output Prices	53.5	54.2	+	Rising, faster rate
Future Output	62.6	63.1	+	Positive, greater extent

Contact Information:

For economics comments, data and technical queries, please call:

IHS Markit

Rob Dobson
Director
Telephone: +44-1491-461-095
Mobile: +44-7826-913-863
Email: rob.dobson@ihsmarkit.com

IHS Markit Press Office

Joanna Vickers
Corporate Communications
Telephone: +44-207-260-2234
Email: joanna.vickers@ihsmarkit.com

J.P.Morgan Chase Bank

David Hensley
Director of Global Economics
Coordination
Telephone: +1-212-834-5516
Email: david.hensley@jpmorgan.com

Notes to Editors:

The Global Report on Manufacturing is compiled by IHS Markit based on the results of surveys covering over 12,000 purchasing executives in over 40 countries. Together these countries account for an estimated 95% of global manufacturing output². Questions are asked about real events and are not opinion based. Data are presented in the form of diffusion indices, where an index reading above 50.0 indicates an increase in the variable since the previous month and below 50.0 a decrease.

Data Sources:

Country	% Share of global GDP ²	Producer	In association with	Website
United States ¹ :				
After January 2010	22.2%	IHS Markit	–	www.ihsmarkit.com
Before Feb-2010	22.2%	ISM	–	www.ism.ws
China	11.9%	IHS Markit	Caixin	www.caixin.com
Japan	7.6%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/
Germany	4.9%	IHS Markit	BME	www.bme.de
France	3.7%	IHS Markit	–	www.ihsmarkit.com
United Kingdom	3.6%	IHS Markit	CIPS	www.cips.org
Brazil	3.1%	IHS Markit	–	www.ihsmarkit.com
India	3.1%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/
Italy	2.7%	IHS Markit	–	www.ihsmarkit.com
Canada	2.4%	IHS Markit	SCMA	www.scma.com
Russia	2.2%	IHS Markit	–	www.ihsmarkit.com
Spain	1.9%	IHS Markit	AERCE	www.aerce.org
Australia	1.7%	IHS Markit	Commonwealth Bank	www.commbank.com.au
South Korea	1.7%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/
Mexico	1.6%	IHS Markit	–	www.ihsmarkit.com
Indonesia	1.3%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/
Turkey	1.2%	IHS Markit	Istanbul Chamber of Industry	www.ihsmarkit.com
Netherlands (The)	1.2%	IHS Markit	NEVI	www.nevi.nl
Saudi Arabia ³	0.9%	IHS Markit	Emirates NBD	www.emiratesnbd.com
Switzerland	0.8%	procure.ch	Credit Suisse	www.procure.ch , www.credit-suisse.ch
Taiwan	0.8%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/
Poland	0.7%	IHS Markit	–	www.ihsmarkit.com
Nigeria ³	0.6%	IHS Markit	Stanbic IBTC Bank	www.stanbicibtcbank.com/
South Africa ³	0.6%	IHS Markit	Standard Bank	www.standardbank.com
Austria	0.5%	IHS Markit	Unicredit Bank Austria	www.bankaustria.at , http://einkauf.opwz.com
Thailand	0.5%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/
UAE ³	0.5%	IHS Markit	Emirates NBD	www.emiratesnbd.com
Malaysia	0.4%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/
Denmark	0.4%	DILF	Kairoscommodities	www.dilf.dk , www.kairoscommodities.com
Ireland	0.4%	IHS Markit	Investec	www.investec.co.uk
Singapore ³	0.4%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/
Israel	0.4%	IPLMA	Bank Hapoalim Ltd	www.iplma.org.il , http://www.bankhapoalim.co.il
Philippines (The)	0.4%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/
Hong Kong ³	0.4%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/
Egypt ³	0.3%	IHS Markit	Emirates NBD	www.emiratesnbd.com
Greece	0.3%	IHS Markit	HPI	www.hpi.org
Czech Republic	0.3%	IHS Markit	–	www.ihsmarkit.com
New Zealand	0.2%	Business NZ	Bank of New Zealand	www.businessnz.org.nz , www.bnz.co.nz
Vietnam	0.2%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/
Hungary	0.2%	HALPIM	Hungarian National Bank	www.logisztika.hu
Myanmar	0.1%	IHS Markit	Nikkei	www.nikkei.co.jp/nikkeiinfo/en/
Kenya ³	0.1%	IHS Markit	Stanbic Bank	www.cfcstanbicbank.co.ke
Lebanon ³	0.1%	IHS Markit	BLOMINVEST Bank	www.blominvestbank.com

¹ Data from the IHS Markit survey of US manufacturing are included in the global manufacturing PMI composition from February 2010 onwards. Data prior to that date are based on the ISM US manufacturing survey.

² Source: World Bank World Development Indicators (2015 data, constant US\$ measure).

³ For these nations, manufacturing sector responses are extracted from whole economy PMI surveys for inclusion in the Global Manufacturing PMI

Methodology: Global Manufacturing PMI™ Indices

The Global Manufacturing PMI™ indices are all seasonally adjusted. The seasonal adjustment is applied at the national level (as opposed to at the global aggregate level) in order to account for differing seasonal patterns in each of the nations included. Global Manufacturing PMI™ indices are weighted according to national contributions to global manufacturing gross value added. Weights for the global indices are derived from the latest available World Bank data on the gross value added of manufacturing for each of the nations covered. World Bank data on value added are in constant 2010 US\$, with all national currencies converted to 2010 US\$ by the World Bank using DEC alternative conversion factors.

J.P.Morgan



JPMorgan Chase & Co.

JPMorgan Chase & Co. (NYSE: JPM) is a leading global financial services firm with assets of \$2.3 trillion and operations in more than 60 countries. The firm is a leader in investment banking, financial services for consumers, small business and commercial banking, financial transaction processing, asset management and private equity. A component of the Dow Jones Industrial Average, JPMorgan Chase & Co. serves millions of consumers in the United States and many of the world's most prominent corporate, institutional and government clients under its J.P. Morgan and Chase brands. Information about JPMorgan Chase & Co. is available at www.jpmorganchase.com.

IHS Markit

IHS Markit (Nasdaq: INFO) is a world leader in critical information, analytics and expertise to forge solutions for the major industries and markets that drive economies worldwide. The company delivers next-generation information, analytics and solutions to customers in business, finance and government, improving their operational efficiency and providing deep insights that lead to well-informed, confident decisions. IHS Markit has more than 50,000 key business and government customers, including 85 percent of the Fortune Global 500 and the world's leading financial institutions. Headquartered in London, IHS Markit is committed to sustainable, profitable growth. IHS Markit is a registered trademark of IHS Markit Ltd. All other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners © 2017 IHS Markit Ltd. All rights reserved.



Institute for Supply Management™ (ISM)

Founded in 1915, the Institute for Supply Management™ (ISM) is the largest supply management association in the world as well as one of the most respected. ISM's mission is to lead the supply management profession through its standards of excellence, research, promotional activities, and education. ISM's membership base includes more than 40,000 supply management professionals with a network of domestic and international affiliated associations. ISM is a not-for-profit association that provides opportunities for the promotion of the profession and the expansion of professional skills and knowledge. www.ism.ws



International Federation of Purchasing and Supply Management (IFPSM)

The International Federation of Purchasing and Supply Management (IFPSM) is the union of 48 national purchasing associations worldwide. Within this circle, about 250,000 purchasing professionals can be reached. IFPSM is a non-political, independent and non-profit oriented international organisation, registered in Aarau, Switzerland. IFPSM facilitates the development and distribution of knowledge to elevate and advance the procurement profession, thus favourably impacting the standard of living of citizens worldwide through improved business practices. www.ifpsm.org

The intellectual property rights to the Global Manufacturing PMI™ provided herein are owned by or licensed to IHS Markit. Any unauthorised use, including but not limited to copying, distributing, transmitting or otherwise of any data appearing is not permitted without IHS Markit's prior consent. IHS Markit shall not have any liability, duty or obligation for or relating to the content or information ("data") contained herein, any errors, inaccuracies, omissions or delays in the data, or for any actions taken in reliance thereon. In no event shall IHS Markit be liable for any special, incidental, or consequential damages, arising out of the use of the data. Purchasing Managers' Index™ and PMI™ are either registered trade marks of Markit Economics Limited or licensed to Markit Economics Limited. IHS Markit is a registered trademark of IHS Markit Ltd.